**Chapter 38: A World without Borders**

1. **The End of the Cold War**
   1. Revolutions in Europe and Asia
      1. President \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (in office 1981-1989) deeply opposes USSR
         1. The “evil empire”
         2. Promotes massive \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ spending, beyond Soviet \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to keep up
         3. Forces Soviet Mikhail S. Gorbachev (1931- ) to implement \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, brings down the USSR
         4. East Germany decides to open the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
            1. East and West Germany reunite (1990)
      2. Afghanistan
         1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1979 invasion of Afghanistan
            1. Nine-year battle against Afghan *mujahideen* (\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ supplies them with ground-to-air Stinger missiles

* + - 1. 1986, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ forced to pull out of Afghanistan
      2. UN-negotiated cease-fire leads to full withdrawal in 1989
  1. The collapse of the Soviet Union
     1. Gorbachev's reforms
        1. Gorbachev hoped for economic reform within \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ system
        2. Centralized economy inefficient, military spending \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
        3. Declining standard of living, food shortages, shoddy goods
     2. Perestroika and Glasnost
        1. Perestroika: "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_" the economy
           1. Tried \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ economy, market system, profit motive
        2. Glasnost: "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_" to public criticism, admitting past mistakes
           1. Opened door to widespread criticism of party and government
     3. Collapse
        1. In 1991, conservatives attempted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_; wished to restore \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
        2. Regions of ethnic groups became independent; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ceased to exist
     4. Toward an uncertain future
        1. Communism remained only in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. **The global economy**
   1. Economic globalization
      1. Global economy evident after collapse of communism
         1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of barriers between national borders to facilitate the flow of goods, capital, services, and labor
      2. GATT (General Agreements on Tariffs and Trade)
         1. Formed in 1947 as vehicle to promote \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
         2. World Trade Organization (WTO) takes over from GATT in 1995
      3. Global corporations expand, treat globe as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ market
         1. Seek \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ labor and resources; prefer lax \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
         2. Pay less in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in developed world than formerly
   2. Economic growth in Asia
      1. Japan's "economic miracle"
         1. Postwar Japan had few \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, no overseas empire
         2. Benefited from U.S. aid, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
         3. Japan pursued \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_-oriented growth supported by low wages
            1. Began with labor-intensive exports, textiles, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
            2. Reinvested profits in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_-intensive and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_-intensive production
         4. Rapid growth, 1960s-1980s; suffered recession in 1990s
      2. The rise of China since the death of Mao Zedong
         1. Late 1970s opened China to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ investment and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
         2. Gradual shift from planned communist economy to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ economy
         3. Offered \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ labor and huge domestic markets
         4. China joined WTO in 2001
   3. Trading blocs
      1. The European Union
         1. Begun in 1957 with six nations, now includes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
         2. A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ within the Union
         3. Eleven members adopted a common \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the Euro, in 1999
         4. Expectations of a European \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Union eventually
      2. Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)
         1. Cartel established in 1960 to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ global \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ prices
         2. After Arab-Israeli war of 1973, OPEC placed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on oil to United States, Israel's ally
         3. Price of oil \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from 1973 to 1975, triggered global recession
         4. Overproduction and dissension among members diminished influence, 1990s
      3. Critics of globalization
         1. To supporters, global economy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, best path to global prosperity
         2. To critics, widens gap \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, destroys \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, threatens \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and traditional crafts and economies
2. **Cross-cultural exchanges and global communication**
   1. The age of access
      1. Globalization minimizes social, economic, and political isolation
      2. Preeminence of English language
         1. Critics: mass media become a vehicle of cultural imperialism
         2. Internet is an information colony, with English hegemony
         3. China attempts a firewall to control Internet information
3. **Global problems**
   1. Population pressures and climate change
      1. Dramatic population increases in twentieth century
         1. Population \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from 500 million in 1650 to 2.5 billion in 1950
         2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ experienced population explosion after WWII
         3. 6.6 billion people in 2005; perhaps \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people in 2050
      2. The planet's carrying capacity: how many people can the earth support?
         1. Scientists and citizens concerned about physical limits of the earth
      3. Climate Change
         1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ threaten biodiversity
         2. Gas emissions, coal burning contribute to global warming
         3. In 1997 at Kyoto, 159 states met to cut \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ emissions
      4. Population control: a highly politicized issue
         1. Some developing nations charge \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when urged to limit population
         2. UN agencies have aided many countries with family-planning programs
         3. China's \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ has significantly reduced growth rate
         4. Other cultures still favor larger families, for example, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   2. Economic inequities and labor servitude
      1. Causes of poverty
         1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in resources and income separate rich and poor societies
         2. Attendant problems: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
         3. Legacy of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: economic dependence
      2. Labor servitude increasing
         1. Slavery \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ worldwide by 1960s
         2. Millions still forced into \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ labor
         3. Child-labor servitude common in south and southeast \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
      3. Trafficking of persons across international boundaries widespread
         1. Victims, mostly girls and women, lured with promises of work
         2. Often in sex industry; hugely profitable though criminal
   3. Global diseases
      1. Many epidemics now under control
         1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ has always played an important role in the development of human communities
            1. 1978, UN called for end to all \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ diseases by 2000; unrealistic goal
            2. Ancient diseases tuberculosis and malaria on rise
         2. New diseases: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fever and HIV/AIDS
            1. Threat throughout the world, but has struck the developing world the hardest – \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
      2. AIDS in Africa – 22.4 million living with HIV/AIDS live in sub-Saharan Africa
         1. Kills adults in prime; many children in Africa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
         2. Threatens \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ basis of African societies
         3. Many cannot \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ treatment
   4. Global terrorism
      1. Terrorism
         1. Terrorism: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, systematic use of violence against \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
         2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, more effective than conventional war, thus accessible to smaller groups
      2. 11 September 2001 focused international attention on terrorism
         1. Coordinated attack on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Tower, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, field in Pennsylvania (passengers thwarted mission, intended target)
         2. Source identified as Islamic militant \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and al-Qaeda network
      3. Islamic State of Afghanistan was established 1996 by Taliban
         1. Imposed strict \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ law: regulated dress, entertainment, media
         2. Women \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from education, work, health services
         3. November 2001, U.S. forces invaded \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, drove out \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, al-Qaeda
         4. President \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1946- ) invades Afghanistan to destroy al-Qaeda training bases
         5. Overthrows Taliban government
         6. Invasion of Iraq to overthrow \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, perceived as ally of Osama bin Laden
   5. Coping with global problems: international organizations
      1. The United Nations, founded 1945 "to maintain \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"
         1. Not successful at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wars, for example, Iran-Iraq war
         2. Cannot legislate, but has influence in international community
         3. More successful in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ goals: eradication of smallpox, decrease in child \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, increase in female literacy
      2. Human rights: an ancient concept, gaining wider acceptance
         1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of Nazis established concept of "crimes against humanity"
         2. UN Universal Declaration of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: forbids slavery, torture, discrimination
         3. NGOs such as Amnesty International and Human Rights Watch
4. **Crossing boundaries**
   1. Women's traditions and feminist challenges
      1. Feminism and equal rights
         1. Status of women \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ dramatically after WWII in industrialized states
         2. Women demanded full equality with men, access to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
            1. Arab and Muslim lands: continued gaps in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
         3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ enables women to control their bodies and avoid "biology destiny"
      2. Gender equality in China
         1. Communist states often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ women's legal status
         2. Despite legal reforms, China's women have not yet gained \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
         3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_-child policy encourages infanticide or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of baby girls
   2. Migration
      1. Internal migration: tremendous flow from rural to urban settings
         1. Part of process of industrialization; in western societies \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ percent of population is urban
         2. Urbanization a difficult transition for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people
         3. Crowded in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (barrios) at the edge of cities; strain urban services
      2. External migration: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ war, persecution, seeking opportunities
         1. Thirteen million "guest workers" migrated to western Europe since 1960
         2. Ten million migrants (mostly Mexican) migrated to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ since 1960
         3. In \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_-producing countries, foreigners make up half of working population
         4. About 130 million people currently live \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their countries of citizenship
      3. Migrant communities within host societies
         1. Migrants enrich societies in many ways, but also spark \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
         2. Fears that migrants will undermine \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, compete for jobs
         3. Anti-immigrant movements (xenophobia) lead to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_